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SIENA VIRGINIA

Fiscalità e religione nell'Europa cattolica Viella Libreria Editrice
 In the late eleventh century, Sicily - originally part of the Islamic world - was captured by Norman, French and Italian adventurers, led by Roger de Hauteville. For the next 150 years, Roger and his descendants ruled the island and its predominantly Arabic-speaking Muslim population. Jeremy Johns' 2002 book represents a comprehensive account of the Arabic administration of Norman Sicily. While it has generally been assumed that the Normans simply inherited their Arabic administration from the Muslim governors of the island, the author uses the unique Sicilian Arabic documents to demonstrate that the Norman kings restructured their administration on the model of the contemporary administration of Fatimid Egypt. Controversially, he also suggests that, in doing so, their intention was not administrative efficiency but the projection of their royal image. This is a compelling and accessible account of the Norman rulers and how they related to their counterparts in the Muslim Mediterranean.

Largesses sacrées et res privata Princeton University Press
 La cuve d'un teinturier florentin de la fin du Moyen Âge pouvait absorber quotidiennement du kermès d'Espagne et de Corinthe, de l'alun de Phocée ou des mines de Kütahya, de la garance de Flandre, du brésil dont Marco Polo nous a appris qu'il était importé en Europe depuis Sumatra ou encore de l'orseille récoltée sur les falaises côtières de Majorque ou des Canaries, etc. et constituer ainsi, d'une certaine manière, le point de convergence du plus vaste réseau marchand formé avant l'ère des grandes découvertes. Traitant de la teinture du point de vue technique et productif, des teinturiers du point de vue du travail et de leur place dans la société, de la production des colorants et des mordants de teinture, ainsi que du commerce des matières tinctoriales, ce livre jette un regard neuf et en grande partie inédit sur un thème, souvent sous-estimé, mais pourtant essentiel pour comprendre les grandes orientations de l'histoire économique des époques préindustrielles.
Social Struggles in Archaic Rome John Wiley & Sons
 In this colorful depiction of daily political life in Baroque Rome, Laurie Nussdorfer argues that the lay persons managed to sustain a civic government under the increased papal absolutism of Urban VIII (1623-1644), who oversaw both sacred and secular life. Focusing on the S.P.Q.R. (the Senate and the Roman People), which was ministered from the capitoline Hill, she shows that it provided political representation for lay members of the urban elite, carried out the work of local government, and served as a symbol of the Roman voice in public life. Through a detailed study of how civic authorities derived their sense of legitimacy and how lay subjects maneuvered in informal and disguised ways to block or criticize the papal regime, the author advances a new way of conceiving politics under an absolute ruler. As Nussdorfer analyzes the complex interactions between the lay administration and Urban VIII and his family, the papal administration, and Romans of the upper and lower classes, she also provides fresh insights into the actual practice of early modern government. She takes the plague threat of the early 1630s, the War of Castro (1641-1644), and the interregnum following the pope's death as important test cases of the state's power in times of crisis. Laurie Nussdorfer is Assistant Professor of History and Letters at Wesleyan University. Originally published in 1992. The Princeton Legacy Library uses the latest print-on-demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books from the distinguished backlist of Princeton University Press. These editions preserve the original texts of these important books while presenting them in durable paperback and hardcover editions. The goal of the Princeton Legacy Library is to vastly increase access to the rich scholarly heritage found in the thousands of books published by Princeton University Press since its founding in 1905.

Rivista italiana di ragioneria Oxford Studies in Byzantium

This volume provides a synthetic study of the political, social, and economic processes which formed early Islamic Egypt. Looking at a corpus of previously unknown Arabic papyrus letters, Sijpesteijn examines the reasons for the success of the early Arab conquests and the transition from the pre-Islamic Byzantine system to an Arab/Muslim state.

Ecological Notes on Wall Vegetation Cambridge University Press
 Le tasse rappresentano senza dubbio uno dei principali temi del dibattito pubblico, oggi come in passato. E generalmente il fisco è percepito come il volto rapace e ingiusto di uno Stato avido, quanto incapace di operare con efficienza: le critiche - se non addirittura l'avversione - alla fiscalità statale rappresentano innegabilmente uno degli elementi che accomunano ampi settori dell'opinione pubblica e degli elettorati dei paesi occidentali. Il presente volume, frutto del lavoro di diversi autori, cerca di analizzare la genesi e lo sviluppo di idee e discorsi elaborati nell'Europa cattolica, fra XIV e XIX secolo, al fine di legittimare la tassazione, tanto nei confronti dei laici quanto degli ecclesiastici. Nei secoli passati, infatti, giuristi e teologi furono coloro che forgiarono quell'insieme di idee e concetti fondati sulla giustizia e sulla liceità morale dell'imposizione fiscale (e dell'immunità per la Chiesa) che ancora oggi hanno ampia circolazione nell'immaginario collettivo e nell'opinione pubblica.

L'impôt dans les villes de l'occident méditerranéen, XIIIe-XVe siècle Dorling Kindersley
 The first major study of the relationship between army and society in the early Islamic period, which reveals the pivotal role of the military in politics and offers a timely reassessment of the early Islamic State.

5 Language Visual Dictionary La Documentation Française
 This is the only scholarly work in the English language on the city of Rome in the Age of the Enlightenment, and the only book in any language to treat this fascinating city in all its multifarious aspects. Professor Gross combines extensive archival research with the latest findings of other scholars to produce a uniquely rounded portrait of the papal capital, elegantly illustrated with contemporary engravings by Piranesi and others. The book is divided into two sections, in the first of which Professor Gross discusses the material and institutional structures of the city, including its demography, economy, food supply, and judicial systems. The second section considers aspects of intellectual, cultural, and artistic life. Professor Gross contends not only that ancien-regime Rome witnessed a decline in Counter-Reformation fervour, but that this decay resulted in a marked dissonance in the political, social, and cultural life of the city.

Shaping a Muslim State Kluwer Law International B.V.
 Via military conquest, Catholic evangelization, and intercultural engagement and struggle, a vast array of knowledge circulated through the Spanish vicerealties in Mexico and the Andes. This collection highlights the critical role that indigenous intellectuals played in this cultural ferment. Scholars of history, anthropology, literature, and art history reveal new facets of the colonial experience by emphasizing the wide range of indigenous individuals who used knowledge to subvert, undermine, critique, and sometimes enhance colonial power. Seeking to understand the political, social, and cultural impact of indigenous intellectuals, the contributors examine both ideological and practical forms of knowledge. Their understanding of "intellectual" encompasses the creators of written texts and visual representations, functionaries and bureaucrats who interacted with colonial agents and institutions, and organic intellectuals. Contributors. Elizabeth Hill Boone, Kathryn Burns, John Charles, Alan Durston, María Elena Martínez, Tristan Platt, Gabriela Ramos, Susan Schroeder, John F. Schwaller, Camilla Townsend, Eleanor Wake, Yanna Yannakakis
French English Bilingual Visual Dictionary Routledge
 A vocabulary guide that presents color photos of everyday objects and tasks with labels in English, French, German, Spanish, and Italian, grouping words and phrases in fifteen categories, including health, food, and leisure.

Delivering regulatory reform DK Publishing (Dorling Kindersley)

The Nasser D. Khalili Collection of Islamic Art is a growing private collection of over 15,000 objects, built up over the last 16 years in London. This volume is the first in an important new academic series, complementary to the main catalogue of the collection. It consists of a detailed study of a group of early Arabic papyri, dating mainly from the eighth to tenth centuries A.D. Most are from Egypt, but the collection also includes the only known papyrus to survive from Iraq. The texts range from tax and legal matters, to business accounts and personal correspondence. Each document is transcribed and translated, and there are copious notes on historical linguistic, and paleographic issues. These documents reflect directly the realities of life in the first centuries of the Islamic era.

Papal Revenues in the Middle Ages Khalili Collections

The Better Regulation Executive and government departments are not yet in a position to achieve value for money in their management of regulation. However, the Better Regulation Executive, created in 2005, and departments have developed important elements of a structured approach to achieving sustainable reductions in regulatory costs and have delivered significant benefits. Businesses generally recognise the purpose of regulation, but they believe that it can be unnecessarily burdensome, particularly on the smallest businesses. Businesses interviewed by the NAO typically have to consider as many as 60 regulations, governed by many different regulatory bodies. Businesses, particularly small and medium enterprises, are not clear on how to comply fully with regulation. The NAO found that departments are not communicating effectively with businesses about regulation. Businesses find it difficult to keep up with the extent of new regulation and changes to legislation. The Coalition Government's programme included several commitments to regulatory reform. Departments are currently conducting evaluations of their existing regulations, but they have not been taking a systematic approach and no overall attempt has been made to review the total number of regulations that businesses face. Furthermore, there is as yet no detailed plan for achieving the new Government's regulatory reform objectives. Departments do not routinely evaluate the impact on business of regulation once it has come into effect. They are, therefore, not in a good position to make adjustments to improve regulation in light of experience.

La teinture et les matières tinctoriales à la fin du Moyen Âge John Wiley & Sons

This engaging book presents a new chapter in paper's history: how its use in Islamic lands during the Middle Ages influenced almost every aspect of medieval life. The text and illustrations (of papermaking techniques and the many uses to which paper was put) give new luster and importance to a now-humble material. 100+ illustrations.

Arabic Administration in Norman Sicily BRILL

Après avoir tour à tour traité des sources, des systèmes fiscaux, de la redistribution, puis de la gestion de l'impôt, les participants à ce colloque s'intéressent aux politiques et aux stratégies urbaines face à l'impôt. De la Castille à l'Italie du Centre et du Nord en passant par l'Aragon et la Catalogne, de la Savoie à la Provence et au Languedoc en sillonnant l'Auvergne, l'Albigeois et le Bordelais, des dissertations les plus savantes des juristes médiévaux à une technique fiscale quotidienne tantôt rudimentaire et tantôt très fortement élaborée, l'enquête se veut exhaustive. Rien n'a été laissé dans l'ombre pour saisir l'attitude d'un monde urbain constamment en butte à une fiscalité princière ou étatique souvent oppressante. Tout aussi a été mis en œuvre pour décrypter les moindres réactions des contribuables face à un pouvoir urbain toujours mieux armé pour les contraindre à s'engouffrer dans les rets d'un système fiscal constamment en quête d'efficacité et de rendement. De ces politiques aussi affinées que contraignantes naissent des concurrences multiformes pour échapper à la charge fiscale ou, à tout le moins, en diminuer le poids. De patientes et fines analyses ont permis de les détecter à tous les niveaux, aussi bien entre le prince et le pays qu'entre la ville et son plat pays et, de même, entre catégories socioprofessionnelles ou simples contribuables. Autant de tensions dans ce monde d'un bas Moyen Âge désormais fortement fiscalisé, autant de déchirures aussi d'un tissu social à jamais ébranlé, qui engendrent des résistances multiples. Marqueurs du présent et du devenir géopolitique de ce vaste ensemble méditerranéen, ces profondes mutations liées au redéploiement d'une fiscalité retrouvée valent identité pour ses cités dont elles contribuent largement à former la mémoire.

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A Companion to Ancient Greek Government Viella Libreria Editrice

This volume aims to investigate the complex theme of social mobility in medieval Italy both by comparing Italian research to contemporary international studies in various European contexts, and by analysing a broad range of themes and specific case studies. Medieval social mobility as a European phenomenon, in fact, still awaits a systematic analysis, and has seldom been investigated iuxta propria principia in social, political and economic history. The essays in the book deal with a number of crucial problems: how is social mobility investigated in European and Mediterranean contexts? How did classic mobility channels such as the Church, officialdom, trade, the law, the lordship or diplomacy contribute to shaping the many variables at play in late medieval societies, and to changing – and challenging – inequality? How did movements and changes in social spaces become visible, and what were their markers? What were the dynamics at the heart of the processes of social mobility in the many territorial contexts of the Italian peninsula?

Mélanges de l'Ecole française de Rome BRILL

Guy Bois' study of late medieval Normandy is a work of many dimensions. It should be of particular interest to English readers because of the close historical associations of England with Normandy and because of the natural resemblances between these two countries, separated only by the English Channel. This study does not, however, cover the period of close political association but that of invasion and warfare, of destruction and pillage. Although Guy Bois' book follows through the movements of population, prices, rents and wages over two and a half centuries, it does not consist simply of the delineation of trends. The realities of the land and its occupants are fitted into this broader scheme, their economic and social activities are described as well as the impact on them of the military campaigns. All this is based on a meticulous analysis of every type of documentation available, ranging from tax returns to ecclesiastical surveys, from chronicles to rentals.

Infringement Proceedings in EU Law London : Macmillan ; New York : St. Martin's Press

This comprehensive volume details the variety of constitutions and types of governing bodies in the ancient Greek world. A collection of original scholarship on ancient Greek governing structures and institutions Explores the multiple manifestations of state action throughout the Greek world Discusses the evolution of government from the Archaic Age to the Hellenistic period, ancient typologies of government, its various branches, principles and procedures and realms of governance Creates a unique synthesis on the spatial and memorial connotations of government by combining the latest institutional research with more recent trends in cultural scholarship

Arabic Papyri Duke University Press Books

Learn more than 6000 French words and phrases with this easy to use dictionary that features illustrations of objects and scenes from everyday life.

The Armies of the Caliphs Firenze University Press

Thirty two legal and administrative documents from a private archive of a family from north-eastern Afghanistan, datable between AH 138 and AH 160 (AD 755-777).

Indigenous Intellectuals Springer

The study of medieval Islamic history has been hindered by the lack of available evidence. This is because of its inaccessibility to all but the most specialised scholars in the field. Containing papers given at the "Documents and the History of the Early Islamic Mediterranean World" conference, this title looks at the redressing of this problem

Minhāġ Fī 'ilm ḥarāġ Miṣr The Stationery Office

In this book, an international team of experts draws upon a rich range of Latin and Greek texts to explore the roles played by individuals at ports in activities and institutions that were central to the maritime commerce of the Roman Mediterranean. In particular, they focus upon some of the interpretative issues that arise in dealing with this kind of epigraphic evidence, the archaeological contexts of the texts, social institutions and social groups in ports, legal issues relating to harbours, case studies relating to specific ports, and mercantile connections and shippers. While much attention is inevitably focused upon the richer epigraphic collections of Ostia and Ephesos, the papers draw upon inscriptions from a very wide range of ports across the Mediterranean. The volume will be invaluable for all scholars and students of Roman history.