

Une A C Cologie Des Relations

Proceedings of the International Meeting on Human Ecology, Vienna, 09, 15-19, 1975
 Lake Systems from the Ice Age to Industrial Time
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 Écologie des zones humides. Concepts, méthodes et démarches
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 Environmental Health Series
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 Biological Problems in Water Pollution
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 Proceedings of the First International Conference on Ephomeroptera, Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, August 17-20, 1970
 Dictionnaire de Medecine Et de Chirurgie Pratiques

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TRISTIAN TOWNSEND

*Proceedings of the International Meeting
 on Human Ecology, Vienna, 09, 15-19,
 1975* Lavoisier

Chacun peut constater que l'état du monde se dégrade, que la civilisation du progrès et du libéralisme, si elle continue à fonctionner sans frein, est auto-destructrice. Si les puissants du monde se refusent à agir, une nouvelle conscience écologique s'affirme néanmoins chez les individus des quatre continents, préparant les fondements d'une autre mondialisation, fraternelle et spirituelle. Les acteurs et penseurs du monde contemporain réunis ici partagent ce souci et cet espoir et viennent, en éclaireurs, nous apporter leurs vues sur les derniers

développements de l'écologie, ses rapports avec la vie citoyenne, les religions ou la philosophie. Un état des lieux passionnant qui, s'il fait la part belle à la poésie et à la contemplation, n'en est pas moins un appel à l'action. Avec, entre autres, Jacques Brosse, André Comte-Sponville, Eugen Drewermann, Albert Jacquard, Jacques Lacarrière, Théodore Monod, Jean-Marie Pelt, Pierre Rabhi, Annick de Souzaenelle...

*Lake Systems from the Ice Age to
 Industrial Time* Marine Genetic Resources,
 R&D and the Law 1

During the 20th century, lake research has become an internationally recognised field of scientific activity, improving our understanding on physical, chemical and biological processes, on fresh water ecology, and water resources among others. The interdisciplinary approaches

mainly developed in historical research, as performed by archaeologists and earth scientists, to reconstruct the environmental and climate history of the continents, of human settlements and culture, and to evaluate human impact on the local and global environments. The Geological Society of Switzerland publishes in this volume a selected number of contributions presented during a scientific conference on "Lake Systems from Ice Age to Industrial Time" at Yverdon from 17 to 20 October 2001.

Schmidt's Jahrbuecher PIANC
 Marine Genetic Resources, R&D and the Law 1 John Wiley & Sons
Écologie des zones humides. Concepts, méthodes et démarches Vernon Press
 Le concept de défense en profondeur est la clé de voûte de la politique de sûreté des installations nucléaires en France et

dans le monde depuis les années 1960. Les bons résultats du nucléaire en matière de sûreté et de sécurité ont intéressé les autres secteurs de l'industrie et des technologies. Depuis la fin des années 1990, le monde industriel a amorcé une réflexion sur l'apport de la sûreté nucléaire à la sécurité industrielle pour la formalisation d'une nouvelle politique de prévention des risques en France, en se focalisant sur la transposition du concept de défense en profondeur. Dans ce contexte il apparaît nécessaire d'évaluer la contribution et la transposabilité de ce concept à la prévention des risques industriels et technologiques. De caractère pédagogique, La défense en profondeur présente les aspects théoriques et méthodologiques de la défense en profondeur, en examinant son application dans le nucléaire, puis envisage les voies d'appropriation, de transposition et de contribution de ce concept dans le monde industriel. Afin d'illustrer la démarche de transposition, un exemple concret est traité dans le cadre d'un site industriel classé pour la protection de l'environnement.

General Catalogue of Printed Books De Boeck Supérieur

A number of excellent textbooks on general ecology are currently available but, to date, none have been dedicated to the study of soil ecology. This is important because the soil, as the 'epidermis' of our planet, is the major component of the terrestrial biosphere. In the present age, it is difficult to understand how one could be interested in general ecology without having some knowledge of the soil and further, to study the soil without taking into account its biological components and ecological setting. It is this deficiency that the two authors, Patrick Lavelle and Alister Spain, have wished to address in writing their text. A reading of this work, entitled 'Soil Ecology', shows it to be very complete and extremely innovative in its conceptual plan. In addition, it follows straightforwardly through a development which unfolds over four substantial chapters. Firstly, the authors consider the soil as a porous and finely divided medium of bi-organomineral origin, whose physical structure and organisation foster the development of a multitude of specifically adapted organisms (microbial communities, roots of higher plants, macro-invertebrates).

Biographie Universelle, Ancienne Et Moderne Albin Michel

The study of the Neolithic transition constitutes a major theme in prehistoric research. The process of economic change, from foraging to farming, involved

one of the main transformations in human behavior patterns. This volume focuses on investigating the neolithization process at the periphery of one of the main routes in the expansion of the Neolithic in Europe: the Western Mediterranean region. Recent advances in radiocarbon dating, mathematical and computational models, archaeometric analysis and biomolecular techniques, together with new archaeological discoveries, provide novel insights into this topic. This volume is organized into five sections: · new discoveries and new ideas about the Mediterranean Neolithic · reconstructing times and modeling processes · landscape interaction: farming and herding · dietary subsistence of early farming communities · human dispersal mechanisms and cultural transmission This volume will also provide new empirical data to help readers assess different theoretical frameworks and narratives which underlie the models proposed to explain the expansion of farming from the Middle East into Europe.

Industry and Environment Peeters Publishers

Architectural projects which expose the hidden contradictions of our everyday reality in a lively yet challenging way. François Roche (born in 1961 in Paris) and his partner Stephanie Lavaux (born in 1966 on the Reunion Island) are radical advocates of an architecture which is to be perceived as a tool for increasing critical awareness, as a discipline which provokes thought and inspires the imagination. Their buildings and projects, which include the new art museum in Bangkok and the Glacier Museum in Switzerland, both of which would have been unthinkable without the latest IT methods of design, strive towards designs which are unique and unmistakable in both function and appearance. François Roche is guest professor at the London Bartlett School and the Technical University of Vienna, and has made a name for himself internationally as a pioneer of a new architecture through his lecture activities and his participation in many exhibitions. This monograph is the first complete overview of his work and will be published to coincide with the exhibition "No Standard Architecture" which opens in November at the Centre Pompidou in Paris, where R & Sie...architects are one of the 12 invited architectural firms.

Ecologie des milieux sur roches ultramafiques et sur sols métallifères Birkhäuser

This volume contains selected papers presented at a conference on Orthodox Christianity and its contemporary European setting. The conference was

held in England, at the University of Leeds, in June 2001 and drew together historians, theologians, philosophers, specialists in theological education and political scientists. Countries with an Orthodox Christian history were well represented, as well as Orthodoxy in the diaspora and other Christian confessions by representatives from Western Europe and the United States and Canada. The coherence of Orthodox Christianity and contemporary threats to its coherence formed one main strand for reflection, but discussion also broadened out to consider the nature of religious tradition as such. Part I of the collection brings together papers on such matters as identity, nationalism, globalization, human rights discourse, ecumenical dialogue and competing interpretations of what it means to be European. Part II focuses on Orthodox Christianity in Russia and Part III on the traditionally Orthodox countries of Armenia, Bulgaria, Greece, Romania, Serbia and Ukraine. The present collection is meant as a contribution to further reflection on Orthodox identity, and relationship between Christianity and culture in Europe at the beginning of the twenty-first century.

Introduction à la littérature berbère. 1. La poésie Springer

Écologie, L'économie de la nature, huitième édition, est le premier manuel à couvrir tous les aspects de l'écologie actuelle. Cet ouvrage est un classique aux États-Unis qui a permis de construire de nombreux cours d'introduction à l'écologie pendant plus de quatre décennies. Le texte propose une perspective évolutive et l'accent est mis sur les aspects quantitatifs, illustrés de très nombreux exemples.

Ecologie et spiritualité Springer

The broad valley of the Bradano river and its tributary, the Basentello, separates the Apennine mountains in Lucania from the limestone plateau of the Murge in Apulia in southeast Italy. This book aims to explain how the pattern of settlement and land use changed in the valley over the whole period from the Neolithic to the late medieval.

Contribution à la cytotaxonomie et à la cytogéographie des Poa (Poaceae = Gramineae) de la Suisse Routledge

This book analyses the dynamic relationship between art and subjective consciousness, following a phenomenological, pragmatist and enactive approach. It brings out a new approach to the role of the body in art, not as a speculative object or symbolic material but as the living source of the imaginary. It contains theoretical

contributions and case studies taken from various artistic practices (visual art, theatre, literature and music), Western and Eastern, the latter concerning China, India and Japan. These contributions allow us to nourish the debate on embodied cognition and aesthetics, using theory-philosophy, art history, neuroscience—and the authors' personal experience as artists or spectators. According to the Husserlian method of "reduction" and pragmatist introspection, they postulate that listening to bodily sensations—cramps, heartbeats, impulsive movements, eye orientation—can unravel the thread of subconscious experience, both active and affective, that emerge in the encounter between a subject and an artwork, an encounter which, following John Dewey, we deem to be a case study for life in general. Ce livre analyse la relation dynamique entre l'art et la conscience subjective, selon une approche phénoménologique, pragmatiste et enactive. Il vise à faire émerger une nouvelle approche du rôle du corps dans l'art, non pas comme objet spéculatif ou matériau symbolique, mais comme source vivante de l'imaginaire. Les contributions théoriques et les études de cas sont prises à diverses pratiques artistiques (arts visuels, théâtre, littérature et musique), occidentales et orientales, ces dernières concernant la Chine, l'Inde et le Japon. Selon la méthode husserlienne de « réduction », en écho à l'introspection pragmatiste, les textes témoignent que l'écoute des sensations corporelles – crampes, battements de cœur, mouvements pulsionnels, orientation des yeux – mises en jeu par l'œuvre, permet de dénouer le fil de l'expérience inconsciente, à la fois kinesthésique et affective, qui émerge dans la rencontre entre un sujet et une œuvre d'art, une rencontre comprise, à la manière de Dewey, comme un cas d'école de la vie en général.

Transactions Springer Science & Business Media

Le genre Poa (en français: paturin, en allemand: Rispengras) Dans la présente étude, nous avons adopté la classification qui comprend plus de 200 espèces dans le Monde, est un des de Edmondson (1980), non parce qu'elle est la plus récente, mieux représentées parmi les Graminées des régions extratropicales mais parce qu'elle nous paraît la plus naturelle. Les espèces, et sous-espèces intéressantes la flore suisse y sont réparties en pics. La proportion des Poa, par rapport aux autres Graminées, atteint 15% aux latitudes élevées et dans les hautes deux genres: *Bellardiochloa* et *Poa* et le genre *Poa* est

divise montagnes (Hartley, 1961). D'après cet auteur il y a une en 9 sections, et cela de la manière suivante: corrélation positive entre le nombre relatif d'espèces de *Poa Bellardiochloa violacea* *Poa violacea* dans une flore et les basses températures estivales. Hartley (= *Poa Sect. Pseudofestuca*) suppose que ce genre a pris naissance dans les montagnes et *Poa Sect. Ochlopoa* *Poa annua* les plateaux d'Asie centrale et qu'il a derrière lui une longue *Poa supina* histoire évolutive. *Poa trivialis* *Poa Sect. Coenopoa* En Europe, il y a 45 espèces de *Poa* (Edmondson, 1980) dont *Poa trivialis* subsp. *sylvicola* une vingtaine se rencontre en Suisse. Il est difficile de donner *Poa Sect. Poa pratensis* un chiffre plus précis, car les auteurs récents ne sont pas d'accord sur le rang qu'il convient d'attribuer à certains *Poa Sect.*

Archives de Gynécologie Et de Tocologie.

... John Wiley & Sons

Advances in research and development reveal the immense diversity and potential of marine genetic resources. Under international law, no specific regime applies to these complex and paradoxical objects of use. The Law of the Sea Convention sets a framework that is partly inadequate for this new category of resources. The Biodiversity Convention and the Nagoya Protocol only address the genetic resources of national areas. Patents allow their holder to exercise a monopoly on exploiting biotechnological creations to extensive claims, questioning the common nature of biodiversity and related knowledge. They hinder research and the objectives of biodiversity law. The legal and practical rules of physical and functional access vary in geometry. They focus on the valorization of research results, crystallizing conflicts of interest between suppliers and users. Sustainable research and development is essential to the knowledge and protection of marine biodiversity. The qualification of marine genetic resources in common, standard contractual tools, distributed research and development infrastructures, negotiation of an agreement on sustainable use and conservation of biodiversity beyond the limits of national jurisdiction, would remove these inconsistencies.

Art as experience of the living body / L'art comme expérience du corps vivant

Presses Universitaires de Perpignan

Écologie des zones humides offre un vaste tour d'horizon des démarches scientifiques et des procédures utiles à la conduite de suivis et d'études.

L'orientation opérationnelle retenue ici s'appuie sur des concepts et des notions

de biologie des populations et d'écologie des communautés, exposés de manière à aider les praticiens dans l'exercice de leur mission, à travers trois grands axes : ? la délimitation et la caractérisation des zones humides, en prenant en compte l'arrêté du 24 juin 2008 et ses versions suivantes et en présentant les outils de télédétection qui offrent des possibilités d'améliorer les approches spatiales descriptives et fonctionnelles ; ? la dynamique de la biodiversité en relation avec la gestion de l'eau, un objectif étant de proposer des méthodes et des outils utiles à la gestion durable des zones humides en considérant divers résultats d'expériences de recherche appliquée ; ? la présentation de procédures d'évaluation des fonctions écologiques des zones humides. En s'appuyant sur l'expérience de quatre projets de recherche intégrés de l'Union européenne, les fondements et les principes de l'évaluation décrits permettent d'apporter une aide à la décision afin de mieux gérer les espèces et les écosystèmes, de restaurer ou réhabiliter leurs états et leurs fonctions. Écologie des zones humides développe particulièrement la dimension biodiversité et de groupes bio-indicateurs et s'attache à établir des liens entre les questions de gestion concrète qui se posent dans les zones humides et les mécanismes biologiques et écologiques impliqués. Les démarches expérimentales proposées s'inscrivent dans une orientation scientifique en plein développement, l'ingénierie écologique, qui requiert une collaboration étroite entre chercheurs et gestionnaires. Cet ouvrage s'adresse à la fois aux scientifiques et aux gestionnaires. Il est destiné aux étudiants de licence et master en sciences de la vie et de l'environnement, en géographie et en aménagement du territoire, ainsi qu'aux étudiants des formations professionnelles en environnement (BTS, DUT, écoles d'ingénieurs, licences et masters). Il répond également aux préoccupations des gestionnaires et praticiens chargés d'étude du patrimoine naturel.

John Wiley & Sons

Where the environment is concerned, regardless of scale, the logic of the Native American hummingbird which does its part should prevail. To act independently of others is indeed the sine qua non of the global shift towards a regenerative economy of humanity and ecosystems, expurgating the pervading pollution (particularly from oil use). Small- and medium-sized enterprises, which this book especially targets, do not need disproportionately-sized study facilities in order to reduce their impact on global

warming. Climatic Impact of Activities provides valuable methodological and practical support for establishing a complete and reliable diagnosis of the greenhouse effect, and for planning the corresponding corrective actions. This book guides the reader step by step in developing an informed emissions assessment with realistic and advanced case studies, in full compliance with official methodological recommendations. *Taxonomie, écologie et évolution des métazoaires parasites* Archaeopress Publishing Ltd

Ladies a n d g e n t l e m e n , I have the pleasure to welcome you here in Prague in the name of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences and to open the Fifth International Colloquium on Soil Zoology. We are very glad that Czecho slovakia was chosen for this important meeting. It is clear to all of us that the soil plays and will play a de cisive part in providing food for the explosive increase of human pop ulation. For this reason we watch with great anxiety the negative influence of human activities on the environment accompanied also by the other destructive intervention into the soil ecosystem, its devas tation by inefficient management, application of herbicides and pesti cides pollution by the waste products of industry and human settlements. The basis for solving these accumulating and now sometimes latent prob lems is among others a good knowledge of the role of soil organisms in the cycles of materials and in

the energy flow. Soil zoology as a part of soil biology is still at the beginning of this trend The lack of in formation about life in soil is obvious when compared with the results of a related biological science dealing with the water ecosystem. *The British Library General Catalogue of Printed Books to 1975* Springer
Over the last few decades, historians of scientific ecology have brought to light the role of the European scientists who have laid the basic cornerstones of modern ecology between the end of the eighteenth century and the beginning of the twentieth century. The foundations of geobotany were laid by Alexander von Humboldt (1769-1859), Augustin-Pyramus de Candolle (1778-1841), Alphonse Jules Dureau de la Malle (1777-1857), Gaston Bonnier (1853-1922) and Charles Flahault (1852-1935); biocenotics, by Erasmus Darwin (1731-1802), Charles Lyell (1797-1875), Pierre-François Verhulst (1804-1849), Charles Darwin (1809-1882), Karl Moebius (1825-1908), Charles Valentine-Riley (1843-1895), and François-Alphonse Forel (1841-1912); agrochemistry and microbiology by Justus von Liebig (1803-1873), Jean-Baptiste Boussingault (1802-1887), and Stanislas Winogradski (1856-1953); the taxonomy of communities by August Heinrich Grisebach (1813-1879), Anton Kerner von Marilaün (1831-1898), Alphonse de Candolle (1806-1893), and Charles Flahault; and anthropogeography by Karl Ritter (1779-1859), Elisée Reclus (1830-1905),

and Friederich Ratzel (1844-1904). Together, they created the conditions that, with Eugenius Warming (1841-1924), gave birth to the autonomous discipline of scientific ecology, thirty years after the German biologist Ernst Haeckel (1834-1919) had christened this new branch of biology. Up to now, the writings of these scientists have been scattered in various publications that were often not accessible, which made a comparative study almost impossible. There was thus a need to bring together the primary sources in their original form, pagination, and language (whenever possible, a version of the text has been made available in a second language as well). They are gathered here in two volumes, in an analytical framework that aids in understanding their relevant historical context and significance. To deal with the complex multidisciplinary roots of the history of ecology, Pascal Acot has brought together a group of historians with authoritative knowledge of the field's various sub-branches, without ever losing sight of ecology's relationship to the broader history of biology and the environmental sciences. *Catalogue of Scientific Papers* Brill Archive
Final report of the international commission for the study of environmental effects of dredging and disposal of dredged materials Springer Science & Business Media
Biological Problems in Water Pollution Lavoisier

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