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Africa-to-Africa Internationalization
African Management
Advances in Applied Economic Research

Globalization and Development
Re-thinking Postcolonial Education in Sub-Saharan Africa in the 21st Century
The Oxford Handbook of Nigerian History

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IVY KNOX

Routledge
The assessment of the implementation of the Basel Core Principles (BCP) was conducted for effective banking supervision in Nigeria. The assessment team reviewed the legal framework for banking supervision and held

extensive discussions with the staff of the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) and the Nigeria Deposit Insurance Corporation (NDIC). It is assessed that Nigeria has recorded significant improvement in its level of compliance with the BCPs, which is attributed to the enhancement of the supervisory capacity of Nigerian banking system supervisors.
Structural change,

fundamentals, and growth : a framework and case studies

Springer

This book presents economic and socio-cultural perspectives on globalization from emerging markets. It explores the links between globalization and development, and reveals the dynamics, strengths and weaknesses, trends in and implications of globalization in emerging

market economies. Gathering papers by leading experts in the field, it shares essential insights into the history and status quo of globalization processes and structures; identifies the opportunities provided by and risks posed by globalization; and sheds light on the way to global peace. The topics addressed range from globalization development within the Group of Twenty (G20), populist events such as “Brexit” as a form of historical irony, and a zeitgeist analysis of

the globalization spirit; to the evolution of higher education and public administrative systems under the weight of globalization; not to mention emerging topics such as the informal economy and new rules for fleecing the South in the newly globalized trade system.

Theory and Applications of Time Series Analysis
Emerald Group Publishing
This book presents a comprehensive account of the energy and environmental security perspectives of the

developing countries. To address the subject comprehensively, it covers four geographically diverse clusters of developing countries from across the world. The regions particularly focused on are: South Asia, South East Asia, Sub Sahara Africa, and Latin America. It is a valuable contribution to the debate, and policy and research activities around the subjects of energy and environmental security in the developing countries and beyond. The book covers the

interwoven subjects of energy security and environmental security in the context of developing countries for the first time. It discusses the latest dimensions, challenges, and solutions around taking into account technical, economic, social, and policy perspectives. It incorporates up-to-date data, case studies, and comparative assessment. This edited book has contributions from established as well as emerging scholars from around the world. It

benefits a wide range of stakeholders from the fields of energy, environment, and sustainable development. It is of help to academics, researchers, and analysts in these fields besides having appeal for policymakers, and national and international developmental organizations. It also helps developing countries to learn from each other's experiences. *The Impacts of Monetary Policy in the 21st Century* Springer Nature
The Nigeria Urbanization

Review serves the critical and timely purpose of understanding the challenges and opportunities of urbanization in Nigeria. The country's rapid urban population growth and expansion is examined in relation to the account of its recent urban economic growth in order to seek for ways to finance urban development, particularly the provision of urban public goods and services. The objective of this analytical program is to provide diagnostic tools to inform policy dialogue and

investment priorities on urbanization. This report serves the critical and timely purpose of focusing attention on the challenges and opportunities of urbanization in Nigeria. The executive summary at the front summarizes the key trends of Nigeria's urbanization and sets out a framework to structure core urban challenges in view of underlying causes. Detailed analyses follow in the subsequent four chapters. In Chapter 1, the dynamics of Nigeria's urbanization process are

presented, with particular attention to the country's rapid urban population growth, the very large-scale urban expansion, and the stubborn persistence of high levels of urban poverty, inequality and regional disparity. Chapter 2 provides an account of Nigeria's recent urban economic growth, in view of the nature of the concentration of economic activity across the country's states and cities, and of the limited performance of urban and regional economies in

generating higher levels of employment and improving business climates. Chapter 3 turns to description and assessment of land management, urban planning and housing provision procedures and systems, which face a variety of challenges with regard to costs, affordability, capacity, equity and efficiency. Finally, Chapter 4 deals with the financing of urban development, particularly the provision of urban public goods and services, which is in need

of both substantial finance and institutional and systemic improvements and reform.

The Political Economy of Clean Energy

Transitions BoD – Books on Demand

In this book, a number of long-term energy scenarios are developed for Nigeria considering the impact of vital factors that may influence energy policies in the country's future energy system. The energy scenarios were developed through the Long-Range Energy

Alternatives Planning System (LEAP) model. The model identified the future energy demand and supply pattern using a least-cost combination of technology options while limiting the emission of greenhouse gases. The book presents four scenarios, and key parameters considered include GDP, households, population, urbanization and the growth rates of energy-intensive sectors. Further, it highlights the findings of the cost-benefit analysis, which reveal the costs of

implementing selected policies and strategies in Nigeria, including those focusing on energy efficiency and fuel/technology switching. The book also discusses the application of the LEAP-OSeMOSYS Model in order to identify lowest-cost power plants for electricity generation. Some sustainable strategies that can ensure a low carbon development in Nigeria are also explored on the basis of successful country cases in relation to the Nigerian LEAP model. As such, the

book will help policy makers devise energy and sustainable strategies to achieve low carbon development in Nigeria. *The First 100 Days of Covid-19* International Monetary Fund
 This book reads the narrative of the national politics alongside deeper histories of political and social organization, as well as in relation to competing influences on modern identity formation and inter-group relationships, such as ethnic and religious communities, economic

partnerships, and immigrant and diasporic cultures

The Oxford Handbook of Nigerian Politics

Springer

What have postcolonial Sub-Saharan African countries achieved in their education policies and programmes? How far have they contributed to successful attainment of the targeted 2015 Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) on education? What were the constraints and barriers for developing an education system that

appeals to the needs of the sub-region? Re-thinking Postcolonial Education in Sub-Saharan Africa in the 21st Century: Post-Millennium Development Goals is an attempt to demonstrate that Sub-Saharan Africa has the potential and capability to provide solutions to challenges facing its desire and ability to provide sustainable education to its people. To that end, the contributors are academics with an African vision attempting to come up with African home-

grown perspectives to fill the gap created by the lapse of the MDGs as the guiding vision and framework for educational provision in Africa and beyond. The book seeks to articulate and address African issues from an informed as well as objective African perspective. The book is also intended to provide insights to scholars who are interested in studying and understanding the nature of postcolonial education in the Sub-Saharan African region. Given the objectives and

themes of this book, it is intended for academic scholars, undergraduate and graduate students, human rights scholars, curriculum developers, college and university academics, teachers, education policy makers, international organisations, and local and international non-governmental organisations that are interested in African education policies and programmes. "Rethinking Postcolonial Education in Sub-Saharan Africa in the 21st Century provides

contemporary reflections from multiple perspectives and repositions the issue of education at the forefront of the debates on African development." – Lamine Diallo, Associate Professor, Wilfrid Laurier University, Canada "The book is a welcome addition to discourses and analyses on education in sub-Saharan Africa with reference to a postcolonial critique and the Millennium Development Goals framework on education in Africa." – Michael

Tonderai Kariwo, PhD,
Instructor and Research
Fellow, University of
Alberta, Canada

A New Era of Consumer
Behavior Springer

This proceedings volume
aims to provide new
research methods,
theories and applications
from various areas of
applied economic
research. Featuring
papers from the 2016
International Conference
on Applied Economics
(ICOAE) organized by the
University of Nicosia and
the Western Macedonia
University of Applied

Sciences, this volume
presents cutting edge
research from all areas of
economic science that use
applied econometrics as
the method of analysis. It
also features country
specific studies with
specific economic policy
analyses and proposals.
Applied economics is a
rapidly growing field of
economics that combines
economic theory with
econometrics to analyse
economic problems of the
real world usually with
economic policy interest.
ICOAE is an annual
conference started in

2008 with the aim to bring
together economists from
different fields of applied
economic research in
order to share methods
and ideas. The goal of the
conference and the
enclosed papers is to
allow for an exchange of
experiences with different
applied econometric
methods and to promote
joint initiatives among
well-established fields
like macro- and
microeconomics,
international economics,
finance, agricultural
economics, health
economics, education

economics, international trade theory and management and marketing strategies. Featuring global contributions, this book will be of interest to researchers, academics, professionals and policy makers in the field of applied economics and econometrics.

Agricultural Transformation in Africa GRIN Verlag

The global economic crises of recent years have offered some sobering lessons, compelling economists,

political scientists, and policymakers to reconsider traditional theories regarding the cultivation of developing nations. The Handbook of Research on Globalization, Investment, and Growth-Implications of Confidence and Governance seeks to empirically explore the relationship between a number of variables, including consumer confidence, private-sector performance, and governmental regulation. Targeting academics, social scientists, financial

professionals, and lawmakers, this book seeks to categorize and analyze developing economies in a post-crisis global financial landscape in order to help shape desperately-needed policies capable of safeguarding against potential catastrophe. *Global Financial Crisis and Its Ramifications on Capital Markets* International Monetary Fund
This book looks into selected five largest African economies (Nigeria, South Africa,

Egypt, Algeria and Angola) to find out food imports (percentage of merchandise imports) and investigates the inherent food insecurity of the inhabitants in these areas. In answer to this problem, the author proffers recommendations that include priority attention to agricultural sector, promoting domestic production of staple foods through unconventional agricultural production – a community-based agricultural participatory framework, and time-bound food-imports

regulation strategies. Supported by facts, statistics and data, this short-book is a compelling read for anyone interested in African economies. *Globalization in Africa* Springer Nature
The Nigerian state has been oil-rich for decades, and yet perennially incapable of converting its oil resources into wealth for ordinary Nigerians. Adeoye O. Akinola tackles this “vexed” oil question by examining the political economy of efforts to deregulate the Nigerian

downstream oil industry. Focusing on themes of globalization and democratization, this book considers how a resource-rich developing country like Nigeria can exploit the opportunities of globalization and navigate the pressures of democratization and the challenges of liberalization. Pairing sophisticated theoretical frameworks with firsthand accounts from actors in the oil industry, this book identifies the root causes of Nigeria’s development struggles and offers

practical policy solutions for successfully deregulating the oil sector. For public officials and policymakers as well as researchers, this book offers a critical new lens on the future of natural resource management in Nigeria and the Global South.

Time Series Analysis

Edward Elgar Publishing

This book presents a selection of peer-reviewed contributions on the latest advances in time series analysis, presented at the International Conference on Time Series and

Forecasting (ITISE 2019), held in Granada, Spain, on September 25-27, 2019. The first two parts of the book present theoretical contributions on statistical and advanced mathematical methods, and on econometric models, financial forecasting and risk analysis. The remaining four parts include practical contributions on time series analysis in energy; complex/big data time series and forecasting; time series analysis with computational

intelligence; and time series analysis and prediction for other real-world problems. Given this mix of topics, readers will acquire a more comprehensive perspective on the field of time series analysis and forecasting. The ITISE conference series provides a forum for scientists, engineers, educators and students to discuss the latest advances and implementations in the foundations, theory, models and applications of time series analysis

and forecasting. It focuses on interdisciplinary research encompassing computer science, mathematics, statistics and econometrics.

Nigeria Springer

A volume on the political economy of clean energy transition in developed and developing regions, with a focus on the issues that different countries face as they transition from fossil fuels to lower carbon technologies.

Energy Policies for Sustainable Development

Strategies Springer

Nature

The Impacts of Monetary Policy in the 21st Century illustrates the effect of financial policies upon global economic indicators, with special reference made to issues effecting East Asian nations generally and with a particular focus on Indian economic development since 2000.

The Palgrave Handbook of Africa's Economic Sectors Oxford University Press

This volume is an authoritative and agenda-setting examination of Nigerian politics.

Energy and Environmental

Security in Developing Countries World Bank Publications

Doctoral Thesis /

Dissertation from the year 2017 in the subject

Agrarian Studies, University of Ibadan

(Department of Economics), course:

Economics, language: English, abstract: The

study was anchored on theories of production and supply response. A

Nerlovian supply response model (1956) as modified

by Karbasi and Tavana (2008) which captures the

impact of trade and

exchange rate reforms on agricultural commodities prices and outputs, and with acreage cultivated, labour and cost of agricultural machinery as control variables was explored. Major cash crops (cocoa, palm produce, palm kernel, groundnuts, rubber and cotton) and food (cassava, maize, yam and rice accounting for 28.0% of the 40.0% of staple food output) were purposively selected. Data were collected from the World Trade Organisation Trade Statistics, World Bank UN-

COMTRADE statistics and World Development Indicators; Food and Agricultural Organisation Year Book Statistics and Agricultural Market Access Database; Central bank of Nigeria's Statistical Bulletin and National Bureau of Statistics Annual Abstracts of Statistics. A Structural Vector Autoregression model was estimated via the generalized Impulse response functions and variance decomposition estimation techniques. All estimates were validated at $p \leq 0.05$. Trade policy

shifted from a restrictive regime in 1970 to a liberalized regime starting from 1995. Exchange rate policy similarly moved from a fixed regime in 1970 to a managed/float regime from 1986 to 2013. These reforms had diverse significant effects on both the prices and outputs of all sampled agricultural commodities. Trade effect was positive for palm kernel, cotton, rubber and cassava, while negative for the others. The effects were permanent across the ten commodities, while the

elasticities for all the commodities range between 0.002 and 0.05. Exchange rate effect was positive for palm kernel, cotton, maize and rice, while negative for the others. The effects were also permanent except for rubber which was transitory, while elasticities for the commodities range between 0.1 and 2.3. On aggregate, the cost of machinery was found to be negatively related to the commodities outputs. A percentage increase in the cost of machinery

brings about a 15.0 percent decline in output. Land and labour were positively and negatively related to output, respectively. An additional acre of land cultivation increased aggregate supply by 31.1%, while an increase in the use of labour decreased output by 19.0%. Trade and exchange rate reforms were critical in explaining the supply responses of sampled commodities, hence, the need for favourable and stable reforms.
Central Bank Balances

and Reserve Requirements Springer
This book offers a panoramic view of the state of management research and practice in Africa. One of its objectives is to recognize current advances in management, applied economics and organizational research in some of the 54 nations that form the continent. The focus will be on new developments across the region with a particular emphasis on the defining cultural and traditional elements and innovations

that make African management different. *Nigerian Consumer Credit* Routledge

The complexities of consumer behavior call for comprehensive and detailed analytical studies. The need for both businesses and academics across the world to understand the behavior of consumers in crisis situations has been clearly illustrated by the Covid pandemic. *A New Era of Consumer Behavior - In and Beyond the Pandemic* presents research on both

theoretical and practical aspects of this topic in three sections: "Digital Shifts in Consumer Behavior", "Digitalization of Consumer Behavior in the Tourism Sector" and "Consumer Protection and Sustainability".

Agricultural Supply Response to Trade and Exchange Rate Reforms in Nigeria GRIN Verlag

The capacity and willingness to develop, organize and manage a business venture along with any of its risks in order to make a profit.

The most obvious example of entrepreneurship is the starting of new businesses. In economics, entrepreneurship combined with land, labor, natural resources and capital can produce profit. Entrepreneurial spirit is characterized by innovation and risk-taking, and is an essential part of a nation's ability to succeed in an ever changing and increasingly competitive global marketplace. Not sure whether you are cut out for starting your own

business? Don't worry, you have company. Most people have dreamed about launching their own venture at some stage of their lives but the majority do not even take the first step. They are held back by a number of reasons. Some fear that if their business does not succeed, they could lose the investment they make. In many cases, that's their entire life's savings. Others think they are too old. In fact, even if they overcome one argument that is keeping them back, they think of

another one to stop themselves from taking the plunge. Age is definitely not a factor to consider before getting into business for yourself. An article titled, "Entrepreneurs Get Better with Age" in Harvard Business Review says, "The average age of a successful entrepreneur in high-growth industries such as computers, health care, and aerospace is 40" and "Twice as many successful entrepreneurs are over 50 as under 25." Colonel Sanders started the Kentucky Fried

Chicken chain of restaurants when he was 65 and Takichiro Mori, who built a real estate empire worth \$13 billion, made his first investment in property at the age of 55. Many of those who throw up their jobs and make it on their own, certainly do have some combination of these abilities. But everyone who has these attributes does not become an entrepreneur. Seth Godin, the author and entrepreneur, says, "Studying entrepreneurship without

doing it ...is like studying the appreciation of music without listening to it." The only way to really find out whether you have what it takes is to start your own business and get a first-hand feel of entrepreneurship. Of course, this is not to suggest that you launch on a big scale right away. Devote a little time each day, make some small investments in the field of your choice and see if you like the experience. If you have an eye for color and furnishings and are contemplating a venture

in interior decoration, start by meeting someone who is in the same profession. While you may have the ability to furnish a room beautifully, do you know how to attract customers? Where will you source accessories from? Can you make an estimate for doing a job? Do you have a list of sub-contractors whom you can engage? The process of finding answers to all these questions will give you an idea about your capabilities. You will realize that becoming an interior decorator requires

you to have many skills in addition to the ability to make a room look pleasing to the eye. If you are able to actually take up an interior decoration project for a customer, it will give you a genuine basis on which you can decide whether you are cut out for entrepreneurship. Entrepreneurs also need to dedicate long hours to mundane tasks like accounting, filing tax returns, complying with local, state and federal laws and doing different types of administrative

work. Keep in mind that none of these tasks are related to your core business and they don't get you any new customers. But you have to make the effort to complete them anyway. Still not sure whether to make a start? Maybe this piece of advice from articles of other authors in this book will help.

Management Studies - Exploring New Opportunities Springer
This book explores how the financial system should be regulated and structured to achieve the

twin goals of inclusive growth and financial stability, with a focus on African low-income countries (LICs). The subject and content of this book is original in that it attempts to draw on the lessons and radical rethinking on the financial sector in developed and middle income countries, arising in the wake of the international financial crisis. It includes four in-depth country case studies, of Kenya, Ghana, Nigeria and Ethiopia, but also analyses the empirical evidence for

Sub-Saharan Africa as a whole, evaluating the relevance (or not) of such major changes for the very different financial sectors and economies in low income countries.

Achieving Financial Stability and Growth in Africa has major academic and policy implications, especially for low income countries, but also more generally, on broader issues. These include the desirable size of the financial sector, as well as more specific issues, such as the high cost of borrowing of small and

medium enterprises in LICs, and possible measures to reduce it. Highly topical subjects like the appropriate regulation of the financial sector and management of capital flows are discussed in depth. Though drawing on comprehensive reviews of

the literature, this volume has the virtue of the large comparative academic and policy experience of researchers, as well as in-depth case studies, that take account of institutional and economic features of low-income countries. Written by senior academics and

policy-makers, this book is a must read for those researching or participating in the financial sectors of low-income countries, as well as in developed economies. It is also suitable for those who study political economy and public finance.

Best Sellers - Books :

- [Twisted Games \(twisted, 2\)](#)
- [House Of Flame And Shadow \(crescent City, 3\) By Sarah J. Maas](#)
- [What To Expect When You're Expecting](#)
- [If Animals Kissed Good Night](#)
- [Spare](#)
- [Fahrenheit 451 By Ray Bradbury](#)
- [Our Class Is A Family \(our Class Is A Family & Our School Is A Family\) By Shannon](#)

Olsen

- Flash Cards: Sight Words
- Oh, The Places You'll Go!
- How To Catch A Leprechaun