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The Andrej Belyj Society Newsletter

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Anthroposophieforschung

Christa Wolf - Im Strom der Erinnerung

Grenzräume - Grenzbewegungen

Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte: Bd. Von der Reformation bis zum Ende des 19. Jahrhunderts

Germany and Propaganda in World War I

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Handbuch der deutschen Geschichte

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Nazi Spymaster

Die geheimen Papiere: Erinnerungen und politischen Denkwürdigkeiten.- v.2. Tagebuchblätter.- v.3-4. Briefwechsel

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Erinnern und sich neu erfinden

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Das Goetheanum

Between God and Hitler

Zur Erinnerung an Richard Boeckh, geheimen Regierungsrat und Professor der Statistik an der Universität Berlin

Zur Erinnerung an G. E. F. Hoppenstedt, Königl. Hannoverschen Geheimen Kabinetts-Rath, und sein Verhältniß zur Universität Göttingen

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## JAYVON MATTEO

The Andrej Belyj Society Newsletter Clarendon Press

Erinnern ist ein schöpferischer Vorgang, bei dem Phantasie und Erfindungsreichtum eine Schlüsselrolle spielen. Wenn wir unsere Erinnerung mit dem Schreiben verbinden, gewinnen wir Klarheit und bringen unsere Einzigartigkeit ans Licht. Unser Leben, unsere Familiengeschichte, bietet uns unerschöpflichen Erzählstoff, der geformt und mit anderen geteilt werden kann. Dieses Handbuch enthält Hintergrundwissen und wertvolle Anregungen für das selbstbiographische Schreiben. Interviews mit Autorinnen und Autoren vermitteln, wie andere an diese Herausforderung herangehen und geben spannende Einblicke in deren Motivation und Strategien.

Die Kunst der Diagrammatik Franz Steiner Verlag

This book traces the many efforts of the German Resistance to forge alliances with Hitler's opponents outside Germany. The Allied agencies, notably the British Foreign Office and the US State Department, were ill prepared to deal with the unorthodox approaches of the Widerstand. Ultimately, the Allies' policy of 'absolute silence', the Grand Alliance with the Soviet Union, and the demand for 'unconditional surrender' pushed the war to its final denouement, disregarding the German Resistance. Klemens von Klemperer's scholarly and detailed study uncovers the activities and beliefs of numerous individuals who fought against Nazism within Germany. He explores the formation of their policy and analyses the relations of the Resistance with the intelligence agencies of the Allied powers. Measured by the conventional standards of diplomacy, the German Resistance to Hitler was a failure. However, Professor von Klemperer shows that many of the principles and strategies of the German Resistance, albeit ignored or overridden by the Allies during wartime, were to find their place in the concerns of international relations in the post-war world.

Kurze und sehr nützliche Erinnerungen vom Gelübde der H.

Armuth an die Herren Vertheidiger der Gerechtsamen und Güter der heutigen Klöster Rutgers University Press

Papers from a workshop held at Rheinisch-Westfälische

Technische Hochschule Aachen (Germany) during 24-25 October, 2014.

Anthroposophie und Nationalsozialismus. Die anthroposophische Ärzteschaft transcript Verlag

Stefan George (1868-1933) was one of the most important and influential poets to have written in German. His work, in its originality and impact, easily ranks with that of Goethe, Holderlin, or Rilke. Yet George's reach extended far beyond the sphere of

literature. Particularly during his last three decades, George gathered around himself a group of men who subscribed to his homoerotic and idiosyncratic vision of life and sought to transform that vision into reality. George considered his circle to be the embodiment and defender of the "real" but "secret" Germany, opposed to the false values of contemporary bourgeois society. Some of his disciples, friends, and admirers were themselves historians, philosophers, and poets. Their works profoundly affected the intellectual and cultural attitudes of Germany's elite during the critical postwar years of the Weimar Republic. Essentially conservative in temperament and outlook, George and his circle occupy a central, but problematic, place in the rise of proto-fascism in Germany. Their own surrogate state offered a miniature model of a future German state: enthusiastic followers submitting themselves without question to the figure and will of a charismatic leader believed to be in possession of mysterious, even quasi-divine, powers. When he died several months after the Nazi takeover, George was one of the most famous and revered figures in Germany. Today the importance of George and his circle has largely been forgotten. In this, the first full biography of George to appear in any language, Robert E. Norton traces the poet's life and rise to fame.

**Tagebuch der verlorenen Erinnerung** Waxmann Verlag  
Das Buch der Erinnerung enthält ca. 31.400 Namen der zwischen 1941 und 1945 ins Baltikum -- nach Riga, Kowno und Reval -- verschleppten deutschen, österreichischen und tschechoslowakischen Juden. Die Namen, mit Angabe des Geburtsnamens, -datums und -orts, der letzten Adresse und des letzten Lebenszeichens oder des Todesdatums, sind nach den aus den verschiedenen Städten abgegangenen Transporten aufgeführt. Jedem Transport ist ein deutsch- und englischsprachiger Text mit der Beschreibung der jeweiligen örtlichen Situation der jüdischen Bevölkerung vorangestellt. Soweit es die noch existierenden Materialien der einzelnen Gedenkstätten zuließen, sind auch die Wege der einzelnen Menschen nachvollzogen. In einem zweisprachigen Einleitungsteil gibt Wolfgang Scheffler einen Überblick über das Schicksal der Deportierten im Rigaer Ghetto, in Jungfernhof, Salaspils und den vielen Zwangsarbeitsstätten und Konzentrationslagern.  
*Congress of Berlin and After* Walter de Gruyter GmbH & Co KG  
Wie haben sich anthroposophische Mediziner im Nationalsozialismus verhalten? In seiner geschichtlichen Wirklichkeit ist dies nicht mit den polaren Beschreibungen von Widerstand versus Kollaboration erfassbar, wie diese Studie mit einer differenzierten Betrachtung zeigt. Im Einzelnen behandelt der 1. Band die Vorgeschichte der Anthroposophischen Medizin ab 1920, die anthroposophischen Reaktionen auf die Machtübernahme sowie den Umgang des NS-Regimes mit der

Anthroposophischen Gesellschaft, ihren einzelnen Berufsgruppen und Institutionen. Auch das Verhalten der anthroposophischen Ärzteschaft in Deutschland kommt in den Blick, ebenso die Eingliederung eines Teils dieser Ärzteschaft in die «Reichsarbeitsgemeinschaft für eine Neue Deutsche Heilkunde». In Einzelstudien werden anthroposophische Ärztinnen und Ärzte vorgestellt – kollaborierende sowie widerständige. Zum Schluss geht es um die dramatischen Fluchtwege anthroposophischer Ärztinnen und Ärzte jüdischer Herkunft.

*Secret Germany* Böhlau Verlag Köln Weimar

Auf der Flucht vor der Erinnerung Benoîte ist dreizehn, als sie ihr Elternhaus verlässt, in Begleitung des alten Koffers ihres Vaters - den sie spontan an der Route National zurücklässt, um zu jemandem ins Fahrzeug zu steigen. Zwanzig Jahre vergehen. Der Koffer kehrt zurück, steht eines Tages wieder vor ihrer Tür. Mit einem Tagebuch darin, angeblich von ihr verfasst. Benoîte aber hat noch nie ein Tagebuch geführt. Unglaublich ist auch der Inhalt: Ereignisse aus ihrem Leben werden darin verfälscht. Wer klagt sie an eine Mörderin zu sein und weshalb? Hat sie etwas vergessen, verdrängt? Begegnungen deuten ihr einen Weg zu ihrer Vergangenheit, dem sie jedoch nur zögerlich folgt. Bis sie eines Tages über eine Leiche stolpert ... Zeitgleich begibt sich Commissaire Lemarque mit seiner Assistentin Christine auf die Suche nach einem Mörder.

*The Catholics and German Unity, 1866-1871* Cornell University Press

Although much has been written about the Western Front in World War I, little attention has been given to developments in the east, especially during the crucial period of 1914-1915. Not only did these events have a significant impact on the fighting and outcome of the battles in the west, but all the major combatants in the east ultimately suffered collapses of their political systems with enormous consequences for the future events. Available for the first time in English, this seminal study features contributions from established and rising scholars from eight countries who argue German, central, and eastern European perspectives. Together, they illuminate diverse aspects of the Great War's Eastern Theater, including military strategy and combat, issues of national identity formation, perceptions of the enemy, and links to World War II. They also explore the experiences of POWs and the representation of the Eastern Front in museums, memorials, and the modern media. The scholarship on the First World War is dominated by the trauma of the modern, technologized war in the west, causing the significant political events and battles on the Eastern Front to shift to the background. The Forgotten Front illuminates overlooked but vital aspects of the conflict, and will be an essential resource for students and scholars seeking to better understand the war and

its legacy.

**Welt im Umbruch** Tyndale House Publishers

First Published in 1963. The diplomatic history of the Near Eastern settlement which followed the peace of San Stefano has escaped the detailed treatment given in recent years to earlier stages of the Eastern crisis of 1875-1881; some phases of the settlement have been examined in the recent monographs but the full story of the negotiations is still, to a large extent, unknown.

**Erinnerung, Aussage und Lüge in der ersten Kindheit** BoD – Books on Demand

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**Germany, Propaganda and Total War, 1914-1918** U of Minnesota Press

Die Anthroposophie Rudolf Steiners (1861-1925) ist eine der wichtigsten esoterischen Traditionen der Gegenwart. Ihre Bedeutung verdankt sie nicht nur Steiners stark philosophisch geprägter Weltanschauung aus dem Geist des Okkultismus, sondern vor allem den Praxisfeldern: Waldorfschulen, anthroposophischen Krankenhäusern, der biodynamischen Landwirtschaft und den weniger bekannten Dimensionen (Banken, Hochschulen, Stiftungen) ... Die wissenschaftliche Forschung ist jedoch bislang schwach. Zwar liegen einige grundlegende Publikationen vor, an Detailforschung fehlt es jedoch überall. Der vorliegende Band enthält exemplarische Forschungen zu Waldorfpädagogik, Landwirtschaft, Steiners Philosophie, Kunst (Hilma af Klint), Entwicklungen nach 1945 sowie Länderstudien (Bulgarien, Rumänien). Der Forschungsstand wird darüber hinaus durch bibliographische Informationen zu wichtigen Praxisfeldern sowie einen einleitenden Überblick über aktuelle Debatten dokumentiert. Damit wird Einstieg in die Anthroposophieforschung sowohl für akademische Forscher/-innen als auch für Interessenten der Praxisfelder erleichtert. Somit ermöglicht dieser Band auch eine Orientierung angesichts des Dschungels der weltanschaulich geprägten Literatur.

**Das Kaiserreich am Abgrund** Königshausen & Neumann  
Admiral Wilhelm Canaris was the head of the Abwehr?Hitler's intelligence service?from 1935 to 1944. Initially a supporter of Hitler, Canaris came to vigorously oppose his policies and practices and worked secretly throughout the war to overthrow the regime. Near the end of the war, secret documents were discovered that implicated Canaris and hinted at the extent of the activities conducted by Canaris's Abwehr against the Hitler regime, and in 1945 Canaris was executed as a national traitor. But Canaris left little in the way of personal documents, and to this day he remains a figure shrouded in mystery. Drawing on newly available archival materials, Mueller investigates the double life of this legendary and enigmatic figure in the first major biography of Canaris to be published in German.

**Catholic and German Unity, Eighteen Sixty-Six to Eighteen Seventy-One** Routledge

In this volume, Professor Ljunggren introduces the Symbolists and their feverish expectations in detail. Theirs was a time when for a brief moment everything seemed possible. Then came the rude awakening, best described in Bely's powerful prose masterpiece Petersburg, which serves as the connective thread and recurrent point of reference throughout this collection. Written in the early

1910s, just before the world war that was to culminate in the so-called October Revolution, Bely's novel portrays the collective experience of the Symbolists as an attempted political parricide. Many of the essays included in this volume are appearing in English for the first time.

**National Identity and Political Thought in Germany** University Press of Kentucky

Adolf Hitler, writing in Mein Kampf, was scathing in his condemnation of German propaganda in World War I, declaring that Germany failed to recognize that the mobilization of public opinion was a weapon of the first order. This, despite the fact that propaganda had been regarded by the German leadership, arguably for the first time, as an intrinsic part of the war effort. In this book, David Welch fully examines German society - politics, propaganda, public opinion and total war - in the Great War. Drawing on a wide range of sources - posters, newspapers, journals, film, Parliamentary debates, police and military reports and private papers - he argues that the moral collapse of Germany was due less to the failure to disseminate propaganda than to the inability of the military authorities and the Kaiser to reinforce this propaganda, and to acknowledge the importance of public opinion in forging an effective link between leadership and the people.

**Poetry and Psychiatry** BoD – Books on Demand

An exposé of Hitler's relationship with film and his influence on the film industry A presence in Third Reich cinema, Adolf Hitler also personally financed, ordered, and censored films and newsreels and engaged in complex relationships with their stars and directors. Here, Bill Niven offers a powerful argument for reconsidering Hitler's fascination with film as a means to further the Nazi agenda. In this first English-language work to fully explore Hitler's influence on and relationship with film in Nazi Germany, the author calls on a broad array of archival sources. Arguing that Hitler was as central to the Nazi film industry as Goebbels, Niven also explores Hitler's representation in Third Reich cinema, personally and through films focusing on historical figures with whom he was associated, and how Hitler's vision for the medium went far beyond "straight propaganda." He aimed to raise documentary film to a powerful art form rivaling architecture in its ability to reach the masses.

**German Resistance against Hitler** U of Minnesota Press

The period of German history between the overthrow of the old German Confederation in 1866 and the establishment of the Second Reich in 1871 was critical and far-reaching in its influence upon subsequent events in Germany and in Europe. It is, therefore,

**Geschichte der geheimen Verbindungen der neuesten Zeit** Schwabe Verlag (Basel)

During the Second World War, approximately 1000 Christian chaplains accompanied Wehrmacht forces wherever they went, from Poland to France, Greece, North Africa, and the Soviet Union. Chaplains were witnesses to atrocity and by their presence helped normalize extreme violence and legitimate its perpetrators. Military chaplains played a key role in propagating a narrative of righteousness that erased Germany's victims and transformed the aggressors into noble figures who suffered but triumphed over their foes. Between God and Hitler is the first book to examine Protestant and Catholic military chaplains in Germany from Hitler's rise to power, to defeat, collapse, and Allied occupation. Drawing on a wide array of sources - chaplains' letters and memoirs, military reports, Jewish testimonies, photographs, and popular culture - this book offers insight into how Christian clergy served the cause of genocide, sometimes eagerly, sometimes reluctantly, even unknowingly, but always loyally.

**Erinnerung an Niklaus Rudolf von Wattenwyl** BWV Verlag

Das Fotoalbum als Aufbewahrungsort einzelner Abzüge zählt seit den Anfängen zur Geschichte der Fotografie. Anfangs mit vorgestanzten Ausschnitten und gedruckter Ornamentik hochwertig gestaltet, entwickelte es sich mit dem Siegeszug der Privatfotografie im ersten Drittel des 20. Jahrhunderts als Massenartikel zum festen Bestandteil eines jeden Haushalts.

Fotoalben bieten kuratierte Einblicke in den privaten Alltag. Sie geben Aufschluss darüber, was als festhaltenswert und erinnerungswürdig galt. Ausschnitthaft lassen sie die Betrachterin und den Betrachter an Unternehmungen teilhaben - an Reisen, Familienfeiern, Ausflügen, Kindheiten, aber auch an die Schrecken des Krieges. Oftmals ergänzen handschriftliche Kommentare und applizierte Tickets, Briefe oder Postkarten die eingeklebten Fotografien. Einige Forschungsprojekte, etwa am Volkskundemuseum Wien sowie am Deutschen Historischen Museum Berlin, haben in jüngerer Zeit Interesse an Fotoalben gezeigt. Daran knüpfte die Tagung 'Kuratierte Erinnerungen: das Fotoalbum' im November 2022 an. Organisiert wurde sie von der Kommission Fotografie der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Empirische Kulturwissenschaft in Kooperation mit den Staatlichen Museen zu Berlin im dortigen Museum für Fotografie. Der Tagungsband vereint Beiträge von Wissenschaftler\*innen aus Geschichte, Empirischer Kulturwissenschaft, Europäischer Ethnologie, Medienwissenschaft, Kunstgeschichte, Literaturwissenschaft, Erziehungswissenschaft und Pädagogik. Er liefert eine facettenreiche Sicht auf das Fotoalbum als bis in die Gegenwart überaus populäres Medium.

**Zanders Erzählungen** Bloomsbury Publishing

The Catholics and German Unity was first published in 1954. Minnesota Archive Editions uses digital technology to make long-unavailable books once again accessible, and are published unaltered from the original University of Minnesota Press editions. The period of German history between the overthrow of the old German Confederation in 1866 and the establishment of the Second Reich in 1871 was critical and far-reaching in its influence upon subsequent events in Germany and in Europe. It is, therefore, a period that still merits close scrutiny and analysis in all its aspects by historians. In this detailed study, Professor Windell traces the development of political movements among German Catholics during those years and explores the relationship of the various streams of Catholic political action to the larger questions of German history. The War of 1866, which ended Austrian predominance in Germany, was a shattering blow to German Catholics. During the next five years they gradually adjusted to the new situations and were responsible for a series of political movements which exerted a powerful and generally underestimated effects on state governments, on other political parties, and on the domestic and foreign policy of Bismarck. Although a substantial amount of material was available on Catholic political activity in the individual German states, it had not, until now, been synthesized into a comprehensive, single work placing these events in proper perspective against the broader canvas of history. Of this book Hans Rothfels, professor of history at the University of Chicago and the University of Tübingen, Germany, says: "Without being partial to any side, in fact with considerable circumspection, the author analyzes and interprets a great nineteenth century dilemma to which the foundation of the German Reich adds only a specific issue."

**The Forgotten Front** Verlag Freies Geistesleben

This original study examines the interrelationship between the construction of national identity and the transformation of political thought in Germany before the First World War. During the decade or so before the war, the German Empire was challenged openly by both left and right for the first time since the 1870s. Paradoxically, however, this pre-war crisis of Germany's system of government occurred during a period of increasing nationalism, which created a solid cross-party basis of support for the Empire as a nation-state. This pioneering study argues that Wilhelmine debates about the reform of the German Empire can only be understood in the context of a broader discussion and comparison of European and American political regimes which took place in Germany after the turn of the century. In such contemporary debates about a German Sonderweg, France remained a principal point of reference because French-style parliamentarism had come to be viewed as the main alternative to German constitutionalism. By analysing Wilhelmine depictions of the Third Republic, Dr Hewitson revises accepted interpretations of German politics and nationalism.

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