
Lehrbuch Der Modernen Jiddischen Sprache Mit Ausg

Grammaticalization Scenarios from Europe and Asia

Etymologische Studien zum Jiddischen

Aspekte der luxemburgischen Syntax

Neue deutsche Sprachgeschichte

Information Structure and its Interfaces

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Raum, Zeit, Medium - Sprache und ihre Determinanten

Jewish Families and Kinship in the Early Modern and Modern Eras

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Pragmatic Organization of Discourse in the Languages of Europe

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Focus on Germanic Typology
Language Interrupted
Deutsch von außen
EYDES (Evidence of Yiddish Documented in European Societies)
Handbook of Jewish Languages
Historical Linguistics, 1997
Jiddisch - Wort für Wort
Unsere Sprachenwelt und ihre Zukunft
From Now to Eternity
Defining Creole
Relexification in Creole and Non-Creole Languages
The History of Negation in the Languages of Europe and the Mediterranean
Yiddish Language Structures
Sprachkontakt, Sprachvergleich, Sprachvariation
Stimmen aus Jerusalem
Interkulturelle Linguistik als Forschungsorientierung in der mitteleuropäischen
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Franz Kafka and his Prague Contexts
Franz Kafkas Sprachen
Year Book

Infinitival Syntax
Es kann nicht jeder ein Gelehrter sein
Sprachenräume der Schweiz
Sprachen in Europa
Two-tiered Relexification in Yiddish
Yiddish
The Perfect Volume

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Modernen
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MARKS HAMILTON

**Grammaticalization
Scenarios from Europe
and Asia** Walter de
Gruyter GmbH & Co KG
Der Band vereint die
Vorträge einer Dresdner

Fachtagung zur deutschen
Sprachgeschichte. Er
widmet sich besonders
der Diskussion über die
"neuen" Methoden der
"neuen"
Sprachgeschichte. Ferner
kommen
sprachhistorische
Fallstudien aus der Zeit
von 1800 bis 1933 hinzu.
Ein dritter Teil widmet

sich den historischen
Verflechtungen zwischen
der deutschen Sprache
und ihren slawischen
Nachbarn Polnisch,
Russisch und Tschechisch.
**Etymologische Studien
zum Jiddischen** Reise
Know-How Verlag Peter
Rump
This monograph offers a
new analysis of West

Germanic ‘Infinitivus Pro Participio’ (IPP) constructions, within the framework of Optimality Theory. IPP constructions have long been problematic for syntactic theory, because a bare infinitive is preferred over the expected past participle. The book shows how the substitution of the past participle by the infinitive in IPP constructions can be captured straightforwardly if constraints are assumed to be violable. The basic idea is that IPP

constructions are exceptional because they violate otherwise valid rules of the language. Thus, IPP is a ‘last resort’ or repair strategy, which is only visible in cases in which the past participle would be ‘even worse’. Furthermore, as the choice of Optimality Theory naturally leads to a crosslinguistic account, the book systematically examines and compares infinitival constructions from seven West Germanic languages including Afrikaans, Dutch, German, West

Flemish, and three Swiss German dialects. *Aspekte der luxemburgischen Syntax* Universitätsverlag Potsdam
 Franz Kafka is by far the Prague author most widely read and admired internationally. However, his reception in Czechoslovakia, launched by the Liblice conference in 1963, has been conflicted. While rescuing Kafka from years of censorship and neglect, Czech critics of the 1960s “overwrote” his German and Jewish literary and

cultural contexts in order to focus on his Czech cultural connections. Seeking to rediscover Kafka's multiple backgrounds, in *Franz Kafka and His Prague Contexts* Marek Nekula focuses on Kafka's Jewish social and literary networks in Prague, his German and Czech bilingualism, and his knowledge of Yiddish and Hebrew. Kafka's bilingualism is discussed in the context of contemporary essentialist views of a writer's organic language and identity.

Nekula also pays particular attention to Kafka's education, examining his studies of Czech language and literature as well as its role in his intellectual life. The book concludes by asking how Kafka read his urban environment, looking at the readings of Prague encoded in his fictional and nonfictional texts. 'Nekula's work has had a major impact on our understanding of Kafka's relation to the complex social, cultural and linguistic environment of early twentieth-century

Prague. While little of this work has been available in English until now, the present volume translates many of his most important studies, and includes revisions and expansions appearing now for the first time. Nekula challenges stubborn clichés and opens important new perspectives: readers interested in questions relating to Kafka and Prague will find this an essential and richly rewarding book.' – Peter Zusi, University College London 'Marek Nekula's

important book originally situates Franz Kafka within his Prague and Czech contexts. It critically examines numerous distortions that accompanied the reception of Kafka, starting with the central issue of Kafka's languages (Kafka's Czech, Prague German), and the ideological discourse surrounding the author in communist Czechoslovakia. Astute and carefully argued, *Franz Kafka and his Prague Contexts* offers new perspectives on the

writings of the Prague author. This book will benefit readers in German and Slavic Studies, in Comparative Literature, and History of Ideas.' - Veronika Tuckerová, Harvard University
Marek Nekula připravil soubor studií o tom, jak Praha formovala Kafkovu osobnost a dílo. Kniha začíná kritickou diskuzí o problematickém přijímání Franze Kafky v Československu, které začalo na konferenci v Liblici v roce 1963. Zde byl Kafka zachráněn před cenzurou za cenu

"přepsání" jeho německého a židovského literárního a kulturního kontextu s cílem vyzdvihnout český vliv na jeho tvorbu. Studie se zaměřují na židovské sociální a literární prostředí v Praze, Kafkovu německo-českou dvojjazyčnost a jeho znalost jidiš a hebrejštiny. Kafkův bilingvismus je probíráán v kontextu současných esencialistických názorů na spisovatelův jazyk a identitu. Nekula také věnuje zvláštní pozornost Kafkovu vzdělání, zkoumá

jeho studia českého jazyka a literatury, jakož i jeho českou četbu a její roli v jeho intelektuálním životě. Knihu uzavírá otázkou, jak Kafka „četl“ své městské prostředí. Neue deutsche Sprachgeschichte Walter de Gruyter Drawing on the data and history from a wide range of languages, from Atayal to Zapotec, this volume brings together leading scholars in the field of tense and aspect research resulting in 18 contributions on the perfect and some of its

close relatives (e.g. iamitives). Different approaches complement each other to shed light on the source, emergence, grammaticalization, and the typological extension of perfect constructions cross-linguistically. One focal point is the so-called aoristic drift, where the perfect comes to resemble the simple past or aorist (often via the hodiernal ‘today’ reading). The semantics and pragmatics of perfects are also investigated through their interaction with

other categories (e.g. negation, mood). Over time some perfects undergo auxiliary doubling or omission, or the auxiliary becomes subject to selection. These facts also receive special attention in this book, presenting new insights on perfects in both well-studied as well as very understudied languages. *Information Structure and its Interfaces* BRILL Die thematisch um ein aktuelles Forschungsparadigma zentrierten Beiträge des

Sammelbandes gehen auf den IV. Kongress des Mitteleuropäischen Germanistenverbandes (MGV) im April 2014 an der Universität Erfurt zurück. Es geht bei diesen hier ausgewählten Aufsätzen um Perspektiven, Methoden und Ergebnisse der sich verstärkt etablierenden Forschungsorientierung interkulturelle Linguistik, die gerade, aber nicht nur in der spezifischen mitteleuropäischen Germanistik an der Schnittstelle zwischen dem deutschen

Sprachraum und den angrenzenden Nachbarkulturen zunehmend eine programmatische Rolle spielt. Germanic Genitives V&R unipress GmbH Das vorliegende Handbuch bietet eine umfassende Darstellung der Vielfalt der in der Schweiz bis in jüngste Zeit mündlich und schriftlich verwendeten Sprachen und Dialekte und der räumlichen und sozialen Bedingtheit ihres Auftretens. Es bezieht sich nicht ausschliesslich auf

die Schweiz als viersprachiges Land, sondern geht neue Wege, indem es darüber hinaus das Englische sowie Sprachen berücksichtigt, deren heutige Präsenz in der Schweiz auf Migration beruht. Auch historische Sprachen und Dialekte, die in der Schweiz und im liechtensteinischen Sprachraum gesprochen werden, sowie die drei Schweizer Gebärdensprachen werden behandelt. Mit Ausblicken über die Schweiz hinaus bietet das Handbuch eine erweiterte

Perspektive auf die Räume, die die Sprachen der Schweiz einnehmen. So wird das traditionelle Verständnis von Vielsprachigkeit um neue Aspekte und aktuelle Entwicklungen ergänzt. Raum, Zeit, Medium - Sprache und ihre Determinanten Walter de Gruyter GmbH & Co KG At eydes.de, the vast archive of The Language and Culture Atlas of Ashkenazic Jewry, with its 5000 hours of recorded testimony in Yiddish about Ashkenazic society in Europe, can now be

accessed and researched via the Internet. In 18 contributions scholars comment on the collection's research potentials, discuss data and methodology and throw new light on the interactions between Yiddish and coterritorial cultures.

Jewish Families and Kinship in the Early Modern and Modern Eras LIT Verlag Münster The second edition of Yiddish: A Survey and a Grammar makes this classic text available again to students,

teachers, and Yiddish-speakers alike.

Jewish Book Annual
Rodopi

This volume presents a selection from the papers given at the 13th International Conference on Historical Linguistics. It offers a window on the current state of the art in historical linguistics: the papers cover a wide range of different languages, different language families, and different approaches to the study of linguistic change, ranging from optimality theory, theories of

grammaticalization and the invisible hand, treatments of language contact and creolization to the linguistic consequences of political correctness. Among the languages under discussion are Akkadian, Catalan, Dutch, Finnish, Japanese, Sranan, Western Malayo-Polynesian, Yiddish, and a variety of Romance and Native American languages.

Der Rückgang des synthetischen Präteritums im Jiddischen kontrastiv zum Deutschen Oxford

University Press
The volume is a collection of papers reporting the results of investigations on the interaction of discourse and sentence structure in the languages of Europe. The subjects discussed in the book include: morphosyntactic characteristics of spontaneous spoken texts; different patterns of word order in a pragmatic perspective; the coding of the pragmatic functions topic and focus in sentences with non-canonical word orders (e.g. dislocations, clefts);

the range of functions of verb-subject order in declarative clauses and the notion of theticity; prosodic patterns of de-accenting of given information; deixis and anaphora; coding of definiteness and article systems. The book provides the empirical basis for the comparative survey of major phenomena found in the languages of Europe which have pragmatic relevance. Beside traditional areas of investigation at the interface between syntax

and pragmatics such as dislocations, new areas are explored, such as the prosody of given information. Data are considered within a functional-typological approach.

Pragmatic Organization of Discourse in the Languages of Europe
Buske Verlag

This volume intends to fill the gap in the grammaticalization studies setting as its goal the systematic description of grammaticalization processes in genealogically and

structurally diverse languages. To address the problem of the limitations of the secondary sources for grammaticalization studies, the editors rely on sketches of grammaticalization phenomena from experts in individual languages guided by a typological questionnaire.

Roots of Afrikaans Walter de Gruyter

This is the first of a two-volume comparative history of negation in the languages of Europe and the Mediterranean. It examines the

development of sentential negation and negative indefinites and quantifiers in languages and language groups such as Italian, English, Dutch, German, Celtic, Slavonic, Greek, Uralic, and Afro-Asiatic.

Sprachliche Imitation

Walter de Gruyter
Die vorliegende Festschrift vereint Beiträge aus dem Kollegen- und Freundeskreis des Jubilars zu dessen zentralen Forschungsgebieten. Die thematische Breite der Aufsätze steht im

Einklang mit den vielfältigen Forschungsinteressen Gottfried Koldes, der sich mit grundlegenden Publikationen vor allem zur Nominaldetermination und zur Soziolinguistik einen Namen gemacht hat. Die Beiträge in deutscher, französischer, englischer und italienischer Sprache spiegeln die Offenheit des Jubilars über enge germanistische Fachgrenzen hinweg und sein Interesse für Fragen des Sprachkontakts. Sonnenuntergang auf

eisig-blauen Wegen John Benjamins Publishing Company
The book analyzes the ropes of tradition that characterize Yiddish Literature and are fundamental for the understanding of any literary work in Yiddish (levels of intertextuality) as well as the thematization of language and Diaspora characterizing all Yiddish works (discourse levels). It follows a chronological outline of the history of Yiddish literature from the Middle-Ages up to the

present. The centrally time-frame treated spans from the 1880s until the beginning of the 21st Century, i.e. it extends from the beginning of a modern Yiddish Literature up to that critical point where clear predictions about its future are not yet possible. In this outline the inter-war period moves into the center where Yiddish modernism has achieved a climax as a result of the dispute on divergent concepts of identity and ideology. - The incision of the Shoah and its impact

on Yiddish culture are treated in central examples (Jacob Glatstein, Melech Ravich, Abraham Sutzkever and so on). Also are discussed motivic examples, by which are shown once again exemplarily all the mayor trends in Yiddish literature to the present. Finally current trends in Yiddish Literature, but also in Yiddish Studies, are analysed.

Focus on Germanic

Typology Walter de Gruyter

Aus dem Inhalt: Werner Abraham und Gert

Webelhuth Words of dedication for Hartmut Czepluch
 Werner Abraham Introduction
 John H. McWhorter What happened to English?
 Halldór Ármann Sigurdsson Agree and Agreement - Evidence from Germanic
 Jóhanna Barddal The semantics of the impersonal construction in Icelandic, German and Faroese: beyond thematic roles
 Cedric Boeckx und Kleantes K. Grohmann Left dislocation in Germanic
 Jac C. Conradie Verb sequence and

placement: Afrikaans and Dutch compared
 Hartmut Czepluch ((Sterbezeichen))
 Reflections on the form and function of passives in English and German
 Molly Diesing The upper functional domain in Yiddish
 Bridget Drinka Präteritumschwund: evidence for areal diffusion
 Werner Abraham The European demise of the simple past and the emergence of the periphrastic perfect: Areal diffusion or natural, autonomous evolution under parsing facilitation?

László Molnárfi Some remarks on the formal typology of pronouns in West Germanic Rolf Thieroff The subjunctive mood in German and in the Germanic languages *Language Interrupted* Suhrkamp Verlag
 A conventional wisdom among creolists is that creole is a sociohistorical term only: that creole languages share a particular history entailing adults rapidly acquiring a language usually under conditions of subordination, but that structurally they are

indistinguishable from other languages. The articles by John H. McWhorter collected in this volume demonstrate that this is in fact untrue. Creole languages, while complex and nuanced as all human languages are, are delineable from older languages as the result of their having come into existence only a few centuries ago. Then adults learn a language under untutored conditions, they abbreviate its structure, focusing upon features vital to communication and shaving away most of

the features useless to communication that bedevil those acquiring the language non-natively. When they utilize their rendition of the language consistently enough to create a brand-new one, this new creation naturally evinces evidence of its youth: specifically, a much lower degree of the random accretions typical in older languages, which only develop over vast periods of time. The articles constitute a case for this thesis based on both broad, cross-creole ranges

of data and focused expositions referring to single creole languages. The book presents a general case for a theory of language contact and creolization in which not only transfer from source languages but also structural reduction plays a central role, based on facts whose marginality of address in creole studies has arisen from issues sociopolitical as well as scientific. For several decades the very definition of the term creole has been elusive even among creole

specialists. This book attempts to forge a path beyond the inter- and intra-disciplinary misunderstandings and stalemates that have resulted from this, and to demonstrate the place that creoles might occupy in other linguistic subfields, including typology, language contact, and syntactic theory.

Deutsch von außen John Benjamins Publishing Gelacht und gedacht, erzählt und erzogen wurde in jiddischer Sprache seit dem

Hochmittelalter. Auf den letzten Blättern gelehrter Bücher finden wir Rezepte, Zaubersprüche und Gebete. Gereimte Epen kursierten in Abschriften zum geselligen Vortrag. Ein Konvolut von 1382 aus Kairo bezeugt, dass Juden mit deutscher Literatur bestens vertraut waren und sie witzig adaptierten. Aus Geldnot begannen findige Unternehmer im frühen 16. Jahrhundert in Krakau, Augsburg und Venedig mit dem Druck jiddischer Bücher. Jetzt hatten auch Frauen und

ungelehrte Männer Zugang zur Bibel und den Religionsvorschriften. Deutsche Reformatoren sahen in jiddischen Bibeln eine Gelegenheit zur Judenmission. Doch die Verbreitung jiddischer Bücher schürte nicht die Feuer des Aufbruchs, sondern stärkte den Zusammenhalt der Gemeinschaft. Sie machte die Frauen unabhängiger und selbstbewusster, denn sie kannten nun die Gesetze. Und an langen Sabbatnachmittagen lasen sie von den Abenteuern jüdischer

Helden. Susanne Klingenstein erzählt erstmals die spannende Geschichte der frühen jiddischen Literatur: Wer jiddische Literatur liebt, kann nun ihre Anfänge kennenlernen.

EYDES (Evidence of Yiddish Documented in European Societies)

University of Toronto Press

The Jewish family has been the subject of much admiration and analysis, criticism and myth-making, not just but especially in modern times. As a field of

inquiry, its place is at the intersection – or in the shadow – of the great topics in Jewish Studies and its contributing disciplines. Among them are the modernization and privatization of Judaism and Jewish life; integration and distinctiveness of Jews as individuals and as a group; gender roles and education. These and related questions have been the focus of modern Jewish family research, which took shape as a discipline in the 1910s. This issue of PaRDeS traces the origins of

academic Jewish family research and takes stock of its development over a century, with its ruptures that have added to the importance of familial roots and continuities. A special section retrieves the founder of the field, Arthur Czellitzer (1871-1943), his biography and work from oblivion and places him in the context of early 20th-century science and Jewish life. The articles on current questions of Jewish family history reflect the topic's potential for shedding

new light on key questions in Jewish Studies past and present. Their thematic range – from 13th-century Yiddish Arthurian romances via family-based business practices in 19th-century Hungary and Germany, to concepts of Jewish parenthood in Imperial Russia – illustrates the broad interest in Jewish family research as a paradigm for early modern and modern Jewish Studies. *Handbook of Jewish Languages* Walter de Gruyter

Diese Arbeit beschäftigt sich mit den Strukturen fiktionaler, imitierender Sprache. Am Beispiel detaillierter Analysen der sprachlichen Charakterisierung jüdischer Figuren der deutschsprachigen Literatur des 18., 19. und frühen 20. Jahrhunderts legt die Arbeit offen, welche Strukturen die jiddische Sprachrealität widerspiegeln und welche als Reflexe der (zumeist autoreigenen) Mündlichkeit gelten können. Zugleich stellt die Untersuchung eine

umfangreiche grammatische Darstellung des im deutschsprachigen Raum bis ins frühe 20. Jahrhundert hinein verbreiteten Westjiddischen dar, dessen Strukturen sie mit denen deutscher und ostjiddischer Varietäten vergleicht.
[Historical Linguistics](#),
 1997 Charles University in Prague, Karolinum Press

Ausgehend von einem permanenten natürlichen Sprachwandel und von bewußten Veränderungen durch den Menschen, wird die Wichtigkeit der Bewahrung der Sprachenvielfalt wie die Notwendigkeit einer globalen Verständigungssprache für Naturwissenschaft und Technik, Medizin,

Wirtschaft, internationale Politik und Tourismus betont, die sowohl eine natürliche als auch eine künstlich geschaffene oder wiederbelebte Sprache sein kann. In der nationalen Politik und Kultur, der Verwaltung, den Medien, im Rechtswesen und Alltag sollten weiterhin die Landes- oder regionalen Sprachen dominieren.

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